# Water Footprint of Organizations Local Actions in Global Supply Chains (WELLE)

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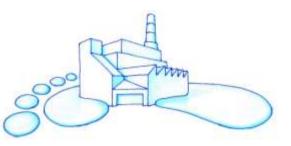
GROW WATER AS A GLOBAL RESOURCE



Technische Universität Berlin Institut für Technischen Umweltschutz Fachgebiet Sustainable Engineering

## Background

- Companies measure, manage and communicate their <u>direct</u> water use and waste water discharge
- ...usually < 5% of total water footprint</li>
- <u>Indirect</u> water use of mining, material and energy production more relevant but out of scope...
- Aim WELLE: Enable companies to:
  - Determine their total water footprint
  - Identify local hotspots in global supply chains
  - Take actions in cooperation with suppliers/stakeholders









## Outline & consortium

- WP1: Method for the Organizational Water Footprint
- WP2: Database for indirect water use
- WP3: Water footprint software-tool
- WP4: Case studies
- WP5: Water risk analysis
- WP6: Local actions (water stewardship)





#### Step 1: Review of existing approaches



REVIEW	SUST AIN
Supply Chain Water Management	www.advsustains
Measuring Water-Related Enviro	nmental Impacts of
Measuring Water-Related Enviro Organizations: Existing Methods	

Step 2: Combining the Organizational LCA and the Water Footprint ISO Standard





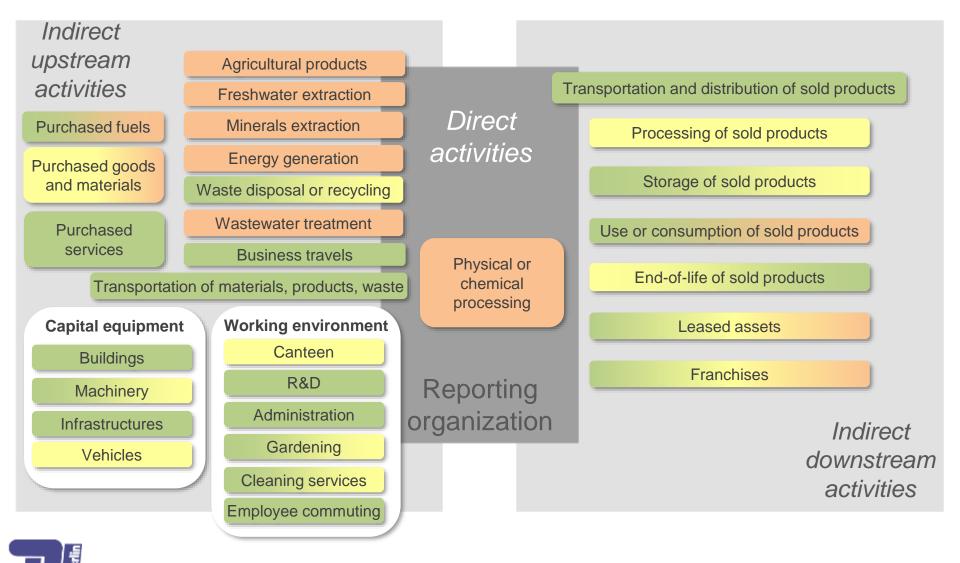


• Detailed comparison of methodological requirements  $\rightarrow$  Establish OWF method





#### Step 3: Practical guidelines on application of OWF



## WP2: Water Footprint Database

• Based on thinkstep's LCA database, a WELLE database is established providing the geographically explicit water use data for >100 materials & energy carriers

1 kg aluminum = 108 L



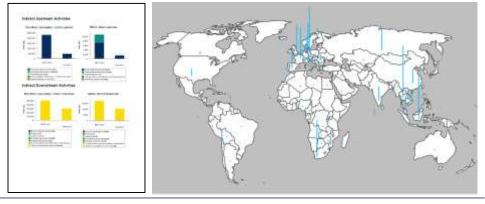


## WP3: Water Footprint Tool

- To make the method applicable, a software tool is currently developed
- Users enter direct water use and indirect upstream/downstream activities
- By linking inputs to the WELLE database (WP2), OWF is determined

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WELLE_Tool_Beta_20				0			00	
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<ul> <li>Indirect Downstream Activitie</li> </ul>	1			1	10200	50000		100
* Supporting Activities				(Que	0	(Tank Law)	Briefweitert .	

- Reports and maps can be exported
- Tool is currently refined and will be made available online





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## WELLE PROJECT – CASE STUDY

#### ORGANIZATIONAL WATER FOOTPRINT – VOLKSWAGEN PLANT UITENHAGE, SOUTH AFRICA

#### Goals of the case study

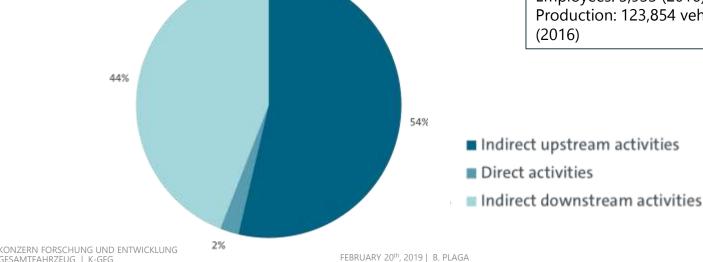
- Identify water-related hotspots and risk exposure
- Reduce pressure on the environment,

#### Scope

- Entire plant Uitenhage, South Africa, reference year 2016
- Lifecycle based consideration



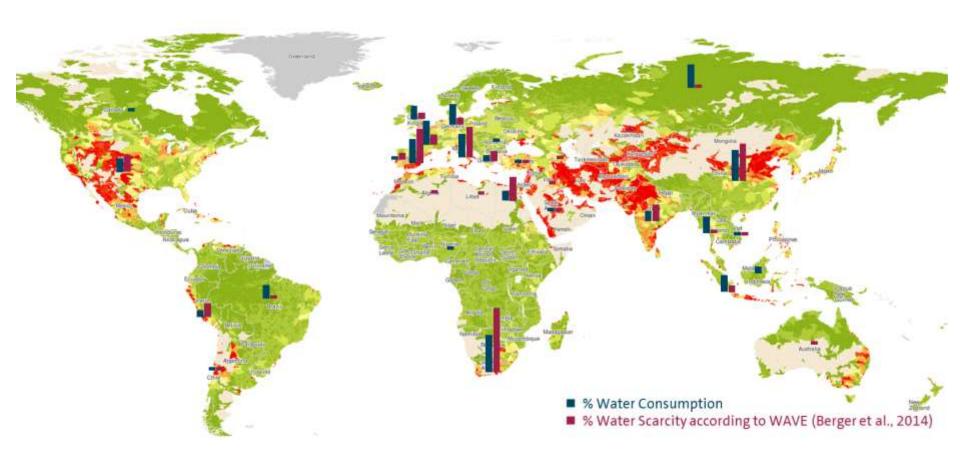
Employees: 3,933 (2016) Production: 123,854 vehicles, 122,222 engines (2016)



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### WELLE PROJECT – CASE STUDY

#### ORGANIZATIONAL WATER FOOTPRINT – VOLKSWAGEN PLANT UITENHAGE, SOUTH AFRICA

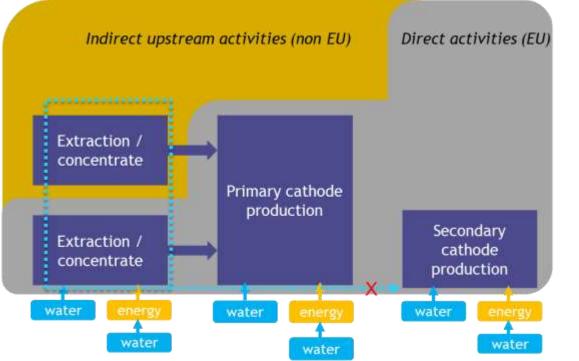








- > 1 Tonne Copper cathode, produced in Europe
- Cradle-to-gate analysis

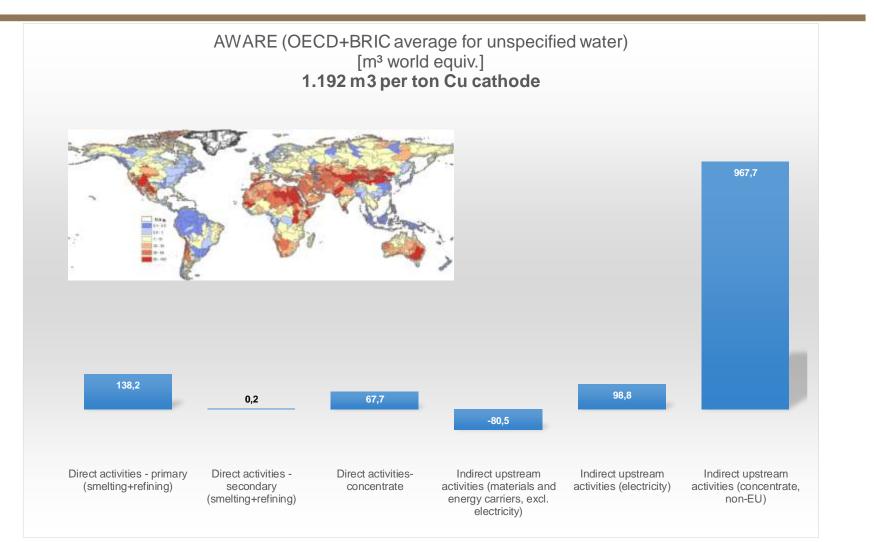


 $1 \text{ t Cu} = 59.3 \text{ m}^3$ 

\*Share of EU concentrate imports; source: LCA study on copper products, European Copper Institute 2016

# Deutsches Kupferinstitut e.V. Water Footprint of European Copper Production





## Water Footprint of production lines for amino acids

- Chemical synthesis: Antwerp (Belgium)
- Biotechnological route: Blair, Nebraska (USA)

MetAMINO<sup>®</sup> Biolys

- In both cases, preliminary results indicate a share of **over 80% to which raw materials contribute** to the total Blue Water Consumption (BWC).
- This highlights the tremendous **relevance** of the raw **materials' geographical origin** an the linked **local water scarcity**.
- This can be depicted by the example of Blair (where Biolys® produced) where respective local AWARE water **scarcity factors show a wide variety** of 1 to 63 within a 100 km radius



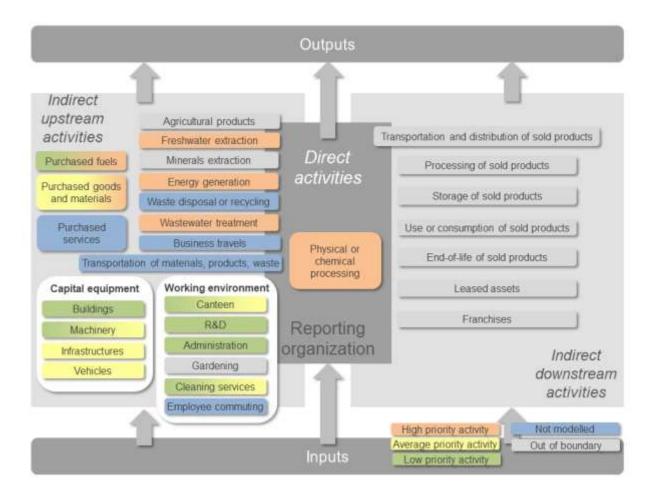
# Neoperl GmbH: Water footprint of the company's main facility in Müllheim, Germany

#### Goal:

- Calculate the company's water footprint
- Identify Neoperl's most relevant materials and processes contributing to overall water footprint

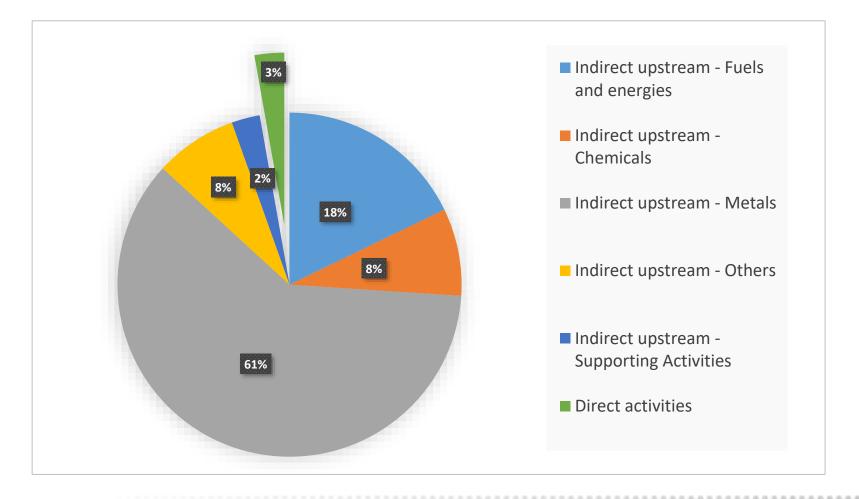
#### Scope:

- Cradle-to-gate analysis
   of ENTIRE company
- Reference year 2016



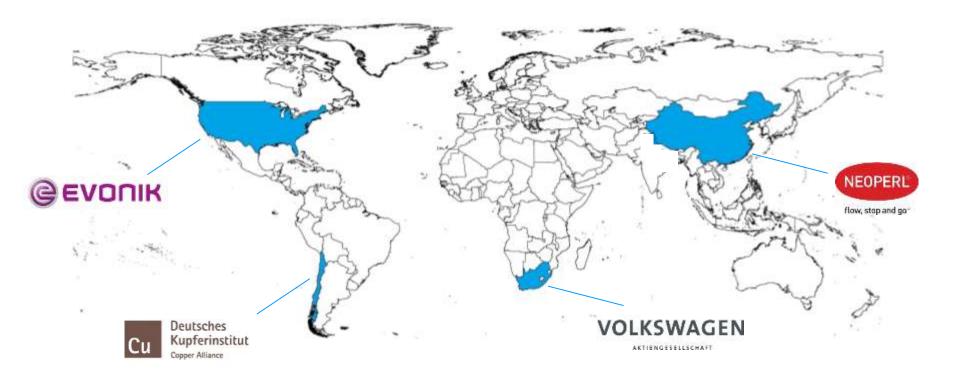
# Neoperl GmbH: Water footprint of the company's main facility in Müllheim, Germany

Results: Annual water footprint: 89.500 m<sup>3</sup>





• Case studies identified hotspots in global supply chains of industry partners

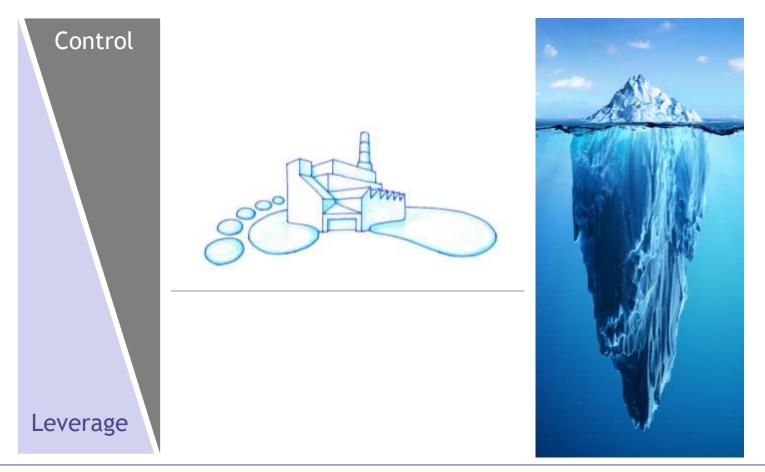


• Project partners approach suppliers to validate results



## WP6: Water Stewardship - next steps

- Initiate local actions at hotspots in global supply
- Involve suppliers, local stakeholders, and water stewardship community
- Relevant but challenging...





# **Thanks a lot for your attention!**

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